













| Photos | Breed | Origin | CPL Status | CPL Status | Purpose | Adult Weight M/F (lbs.) | Experience | Egg color | Egg Size | Rate of Lay | Temperament | Brooding and Mothering Ability | Climate | Uses and Notes |
|---|------------------------|---------------|------------|------------|------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|--|--|--|---|--|--|--|
|  | Belleville Small White | United States | Critical | Critical | Meat | 21/12 | Novice | Pale cream to medium brown with spotting | Fairly large eggs, ideally ranging from 70-80 grams; larger hens will lay larger eggs. | The first two years of lay will be the highest production years for hens and can average 40-50 eggs per year if they are pulled for artificial incubation; if birds naturally incubate, the number will be much lower, towards 20-25 eggs. | Highly dependent on the selection of temperament by the breeder; some select for aggressive breeders, others prefer more docile | Can be variable; the best hens are those that are well balanced and not too heavy; hens that are larger than breed standard tend to be clumsy mothers and can break eggs | Turkeys can live in most climates, but skin on head and neck can be prone to frostbite in extreme cold. For large birds, heat stress can occur, so ensuring they have access to shade and ample water will be key to managing birds in hot climates. | Difficult to source; dresses clean |
|  | Black | Europe | Watch | Threatened | Meat | 33/18 | Novice | | | | | | | May have dark pin feathers or ink spots on skin when processed |
|  | Bourbon Red | United States | Watch | Watch | Meat | 33/18 | Novice/Intermediate | | | | | | | Dresses clean; deep mahogany-red color can be difficult to perfect; avoid reddish-orange birds |
|  | Standard Bronze | United States | Watch | Watch | Meat | 36/20 | Novice/Intermediate | | | | | | | May have dark pin feathers; a very challenging color pattern to perfect |
|  | Chocolate | United States | Critical | Watch | Meat | | Novice | | | | | | | Dresses clean |
|  | Jersey Buff | United States | Critical | Watch | Meat | 33/18 | Novice | | | | | | | Dresses clean |
|  | Lavender / Lilac | United States | Critical | Watch | Meat | 33/18 | Novice/Intermediate | | | | | | | Dresses clean; color can be difficult to perfect |
|  | Midget White | United States | Critical | Watch | Meat, Eggs | 20/10 | Novice | | | | | | | Dresses clean; exceptional layer among turkeys, up to 80 eggs; many are very people oriented birds |
|  | Narragansett | United States | Threatened | Watch | Meat | 33/18 | Novice/Intermediate | | | | | | | May have dark pin feathers; difficult color to perfect |
|  | Royal Palm | United States | Watch | Threatened | Meat, Exhibition | 22/12 | novice - intermediate | | | | | | | Seems to be somewhat more heat tolerant than other strains; difficult pattern to perfect on feathers |
|  | Slate | United States | Watch | Watch | Meat | 33/18 | novice - intermediate | | | | | | | May have dark pin feathers; difficult color to perfect |
|  | White Holland | United States | Threatened | Threatened | Meat | 36/20 | novice | | | | | | | Dresses clean |